



PMC Diversified Equity Fund (PMDEX)

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Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund’s statutory prospectus and statement of additional information, which contain more information about the Fund and its risks. The current statutory prospectus and statement of additional information dated January 1, 2016 are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. You can find the Fund’s statutory prospectus, statement of additional information and other information about the Fund online at <http://www.investpmc.com/solutions/portfolios/style-specific>. You can also get this information at no cost by calling (866) PMC-7338 or by sending an email request to ClientServices@investnetpmc.com.

Investment Objective. The investment objective of the PMC Diversified Equity Fund (the “Diversified Equity Fund” or the “Fund”) is long-term capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund. This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees

(fees paid directly from your investment)

None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses

(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

Management Fees	0.95%
Distribution (12b-1) Fees	0.25%
Other Expenses	0.25%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.06%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses ⁽¹⁾	1.51%
Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	-0.05%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement ⁽²⁾	1.46%

⁽¹⁾ Please note that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses in the table above do not correlate to the ratio of Expenses to Average Net Assets found within the “Financial Highlights” section of this prospectus because the “Financial Highlights” include only the direct operating expenses incurred by the Fund and exclude Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses.

⁽²⁾ Pursuant to an operating expense limitation agreement between Envestnet Asset Management, Inc. (“the Adviser”), the Fund’s investment adviser, and the Fund, the Adviser has agreed to waive its management fees and/or reimburse expenses of the Fund to ensure that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (exclusive of front-end or contingent deferred loads, taxes, leverage (i.e., any expenses incurred in connection with borrowings made by the Fund), interest, brokerage commissions, expenses incurred in connection with any merger or reorganization, acquired fund fees and expenses or extraordinary expenses such as litigation) do not exceed 1.40% of the Fund’s average net assets through January 1, 2017. The operating expense limitation agreement can be terminated only by, or with the consent of, the Trust’s Board of Trustees (the “Board of Trustees”). The Adviser is permitted to be reimbursed for management fee reductions and/or expense payments made in the prior three fiscal years, subject to the limitation on the Fund’s expenses in effect at the time of the waiver.

Example. This Example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. The fee waiver/expense reimbursement arrangement discussed in the table above is reflected through January 1, 2017. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
\$149	\$472	\$819	\$1,797

Portfolio Turnover. The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may generate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a

taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 66.68% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies. Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of U.S. companies and non-U.S. companies with varying market capitalizations.

To achieve its investment objective, the Fund will generally invest in common stocks and preferred stocks, convertible securities and other equity securities of U.S. and non-U.S. companies, including when-issued securities. The Fund may invest up to 50% of its net assets in foreign securities, including American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"). The Fund may invest up to 10% of its net assets in the equity securities of companies located in countries considered to have emerging market economies. The Fund may also engage in securities lending representing up to one-third of the value of its total assets to earn income. In addition to direct investments in equity securities, at any time the Fund may seek to achieve its investment objective by allocating up to 100% of its assets among shares of different exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") that invest in equity securities.

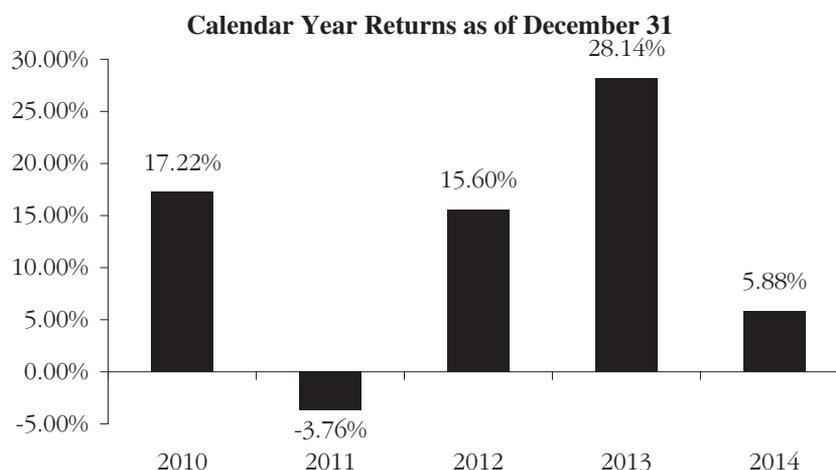
The Manager of Managers Approach. The Adviser is responsible for developing, constructing and monitoring the asset allocation and portfolio strategy for the Fund and may actively manage a portion of the Fund's portfolio. The Adviser believes that an investment's reward and risk characteristics can be enhanced by employing multiple sub-advisory firms, with complementary styles and approaches, who manage distinct segments of a market, asset class or investment style for the Fund. The Fund invests in issuers that the Fund's sub-advisers believe offer the potential for capital growth. In identifying candidates for investment, the Fund's sub-advisers may consider the issuer's likelihood of above average earnings growth, the securities' attractive relative valuation, the quality of the securities, and whether the issuer has any proprietary advantages. The Fund generally sells securities when the Fund's sub-advisers believe they are fully priced or when significantly more attractive investment candidates become available. The Fund may invest in companies of any market-capitalization, and may invest in securities of domestic or foreign issuers. Because the Fund is designed to maintain a "core" or "blend" approach, the Adviser selects sub-advisers to manage the Fund's portfolio of securities in such a way so as mitigate significant growth or value style biases at the Fund level. Individual sub-advisers may specialize in one or the other style, but it is expected that in concert the blend of the sub-advisers will exhibit a core style.

Principal Risks. Before investing in the Fund, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested, and the amount of risk you are willing to take. Remember, in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, **you could lose money by investing in the Fund.** The principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

- *Management Risk.* The Adviser's investment strategies for the Fund, including the "manager of managers" approach described above, may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other investments.
- *General Market Risk.* The value of the Fund's shares will fluctuate based on the performance of the Fund's investments and other factors affecting the securities markets generally.
- *Securities Lending Risk.* The Fund may lend its portfolio securities to brokers, dealers and financial institutions under agreements which require that the loans be secured continuously by collateral, typically cash, which the Fund will invest during the term of the loan. The risk in lending portfolio securities, as with other extensions of credit, consists of potential default or insolvency of the borrower. In either of these cases, the Fund could experience delays in recovering securities or collateral or could lose all or part of the value of the loaned securities. The Fund also bears the risk that the value of investments made with collateral may decline.
- *When-Issued Securities Risk.* The price or yield obtained in a when-issued transaction may be less favorable than the price or yield available in the market when the securities delivery takes place, or that failure of a party to a transaction to consummate the trade may result in a loss to the Fund or missing an opportunity to obtain a price considered advantageous.
- *Foreign Securities and Currency Risk.* Risks relating to political, social and economic developments abroad and differences between U.S. and foreign regulatory requirements and market practices, including fluctuations in foreign currencies. Countries in emerging markets are generally more volatile and can have relatively unstable governments, social and legal systems that do not protect shareholders, economies based on only a few industries, and securities markets that trade a small number of issues. Income earned on foreign securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes.
- *Equity Market Risk.* Common stocks are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value as market confidence in and perceptions of their issuers change. Preferred stock is subject to the risk that the dividend on the stock may be changed or omitted by the issuer, and that participation in the growth of an issuer may be limited.
- *Large-Cap Company Risk.* Larger, more established companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges such as changes in consumer tastes or innovative smaller competitors. Also, large-cap companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.

- *Mid-Cap, Small-Cap and Micro-Cap Company Risk.* Securities of mid-cap, small-cap and micro-cap companies may be more volatile and less liquid than the securities of large-cap companies.
- *ETF Risk.* Risk associated with bearing indirect fees and expenses charged by ETFs in which the Fund may invest in addition to its direct fees and expenses, as well as indirectly bearing the principal risks of those ETFs. Also, there is a risk that the market price of the ETF's shares may trade at a discount to their net asset value or that an active trading market for an ETF's shares may not develop or be maintained.
- *Emerging Markets Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities of foreign companies located in emerging markets, which are markets of countries in the initial stages of industrialization and that generally have low per capita income. In addition to the risks of foreign securities in general, countries in emerging markets are generally more volatile and can have relatively unstable governments, social and legal systems that do not protect shareholders, economies based on only a few industries, and securities markets that trade a small number of issues.

Performance. The performance information demonstrates the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns for the one year and since inception periods compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. Remember, the Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling toll-free at (866) PMC-7338.



The Fund's calendar year-to-date return as of September 30, 2015 was -7.67%. During the period shown in the bar chart, the best performance for a quarter was 12.44% (for the quarter ended September 30, 2010) and the worst performance was -18.01% (for the quarter ended September 30, 2011).

Average Annual Total Returns

(for the periods ended December 31, 2014)

	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Since Inception</u> <u>(August 26, 2009)</u>
PMC Diversified Equity Fund			
Return Before Taxes	5.88%	12.09%	12.83%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	4.84%	11.32%	12.09%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	4.18%	9.58%	10.25%
MSCI World Index			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	5.50%	10.81%	11.73%

After-tax returns are calculated using the historically highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts ("IRA").

Management

Investment Adviser and Sub-Advisers. Envestnet Asset Management, Inc. is the Fund’s investment adviser. Robeco Investment Management, Inc. d/b/a Boston Partners (“Boston Partners”), Delaware Investments Fund Advisers (“DIFA”), Mellon Capital Management Corporation (“Mellon Capital”), William Blair Investment Management, LLC (“William Blair”) and Thomas White International, Ltd. (“Thomas White”) serve as the Fund’s sub-advisers.

Portfolio Managers. The Fund is managed by the following team of portfolio managers:

<u>Portfolio Manager</u>	<u>Years of Service with the Fund</u>	<u>Primary Title</u>
Brandon R. Thomas	Since 2009	Managing Director, Co-Founder and Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser
Janis Zvingelis, Ph.D.	Since 2015	Senior Vice President and Director of Quantitative Research of the Adviser
Mark E. Donovan	Since 2015	Co-Chief Executive Officer, Boston Partners
David J. Pyle	Since 2015	Portfolio Manager, Boston Partners
Francis X. Morris	Since 2009	Senior Vice President, Chief Investment Officer - Core Equity, DIFA
Michael S. Morris	Since 2009	CFA, Vice President, Portfolio Manager, Senior Equity Analyst, DIFA
Christopher S. Adams	Since 2009	CFA, Vice President, Portfolio Manager, Senior Equity Analyst, DIFA
Donald G. Padilla	Since 2009	CFA, Vice President, Portfolio Manager, Senior Equity Analyst, DIFA
Ronald P. Gala	Since 2009	Managing Director and Senior Portfolio Manager, Active Equity Strategies, Mellon Capital
William Cazalet	Since 2015	Managing Director, Head of Active Equity Strategies, Mellon Capital
Michael P. Kaminski	Since 2009	Vice President, Senior Portfolio Manager, Active Equity Strategies, Mellon Capital
Brian D. Singer	Since 2011	Portfolio Manager, Head of Dynamic Allocation Strategies Team, William Blair
Thomas Clarke	Since 2011	Portfolio Manager, William Blair
Thomas S. White, Jr.	Since 2014	President and Chief Investment Officer, Thomas White
Wei Li, Ph.D.	Since 2014	CFA, Executive Vice President and Director of Research, Thomas White
Jinwen Zhang, Ph.D.	Since 2014	CFA, Executive Vice President and Assistant Director of Research, Thomas White
Douglas M. Jackman	Since 2014	CFA, Executive Vice President and Director of Institutional Department, Thomas White
John Wu, Ph.D.	Since 2014	CFA, Senior Vice President and Senior Research Officer, Thomas White

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares. You may purchase or redeem shares by mail, PMC Funds, c/o U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701 (for regular mail) or 615 East Michigan Street, 3rd Floor, Milwaukee, WI 53202 (for overnight or express mail), or by telephone at (866) PMC-7338, on any day the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open for trading. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial amount of investment in a Fund and exchanges into a Fund from another Fund in the PMC Funds family is \$1,000. Subsequent investments in a Fund and exchanges for all types of accounts may be made with a minimum investment of \$50.

Tax Information. A Fund’s distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or long-term capital gain, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA. You may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from such tax-deferred arrangements.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries. If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend a Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary’s website for more information.