



PMC Diversified Equity Fund
Institutional Class Shares (PMDQX)

www.investpmc.com

Before you invest, you may want to review the PMC Diversified Equity Fund’s (the “Fund”) Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, which contain more information about the Fund and its risks. The current Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information dated July 1, 2019 are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus. You can find the Fund’s Statutory Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at <http://www.investpmc.com/solutions/portfolios>. You can also get this information at no cost by calling (866) PMC-7338 or by sending an email request to ClientServices@investnetpmc.com.

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), paper copies of the Fund’s annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports from the Fund or from your financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or bank). Instead, the reports will be made available on the Fund’s website (<http://www.investpmc.com/solutions/portfolios>), and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from the Fund electronically by contacting your financial intermediary or, if you are a direct investor, by calling the Fund at (866) PMC-7338 or by sending an e-mail request to ClientServices@investnetpmc.com.

You may elect to receive all future reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a financial intermediary, you can contact your financial intermediary to request that you continue to receive paper copies of your shareholder reports. If you invest directly with the Fund, you can call (866) PMC-7338 or send an email request to ClientServices@investnetpmc.com to let the Fund know you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all funds held in your account if you invest through your financial intermediary or, if you invest directly with the Fund, to all PMC Funds you hold.

Investment Objective. The investment objective of the Fund is long-term capital appreciation.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund. This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

Shareholder Fees <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>	Institutional Class Shares
None	
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Annual Fund Operating Expenses <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>	
Management Fees	0.53%
Other Expenses	0.22%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	<u>0.75%</u>
Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement ⁽¹⁾	-0.01%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement ⁽¹⁾	<u>0.74%</u>

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to an operating expense limitation agreement between the Fund’s investment adviser, Investnet Asset Management, Inc. (the “Adviser”), and the Trust, on behalf of the Fund, the Adviser has agreed to waive part of its management fees and/or reimburse expenses of the Fund to ensure that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (exclusive of any front-end or contingent deferred loads, Rule 12b-1 plan fees, shareholder servicing plan fees, taxes, leverage (i.e., any expenses incurred in connection with borrowings made by the Fund), interest (including interest incurred in connection with bank and custody overdrafts), brokerage commissions and other transactional expenses, expenses incurred in connection with any merger or reorganization, dividends or interest on short positions, AFFE or extraordinary expenses such as litigation (collectively “Excluded Expenses”)) do not exceed 0.73% of the Fund’s average daily net assets through July 1, 2020. The operating expense limitation agreement can only be terminated by, or with the consent of, the Trust’s Board of Trustees (the “Board of Trustees”). The Adviser may request recoupment of previously waived fees and paid expenses from the Fund up to three years from the date such fees and expenses were waived or paid, subject to the operating expense limitation agreement, if such reimbursement will not cause the Fund’s expense ratio, after recoupment has been taken into account, to exceed the lesser of: (1) the expense limitation in place at the time of the waiver and/or expense payment; or (2) the expense limitation in place at the time of the recoupment.

Example. This Example is intended to help you compare the costs of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. The operating expense limitation discussed in the table above is reflected through July 1, 2020. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

<u>One Year</u>	<u>Three Years</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Ten Years</u>
\$76	\$239	\$416	\$929

Portfolio Turnover. The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions or spreads, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may generate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2018, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 104.3% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies. Under normal market conditions, the Fund will invest at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) in equity securities of U.S. companies and non-U.S. companies with varying market capitalizations.

To achieve its investment objective, the Fund will generally invest in common stocks and preferred stocks, convertible securities (specifically, convertible preferred stocks) and other equity securities of U.S. and non-U.S. companies, including when-issued securities. The Fund may invest up to 50% of its net assets in foreign securities, including American Depositary Receipts ("ADRs"), European Depositary Receipts ("EDRs") and Global Depositary Receipts ("GDRs"). The Fund may invest up to 10% of its net assets in the equity securities of companies located in countries considered to have emerging market economies. In addition to direct investments in equity securities, at any time the Fund may seek to achieve its investment objective by investing in shares of different exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") that invest in equity securities.

The Adviser uses a proprietary quantitative risk factor model for developing, constructing and monitoring the asset allocation and portfolio strategy for the Fund according to parameters and constraints set by the Fund's portfolio managers. The Fund invests in issuers that the Adviser believes offer potential for capital growth. In identifying candidates for investment, the Adviser may consider the issuer's likelihood of above average earnings growth, the securities' attractive relative valuation, the quality of the securities and whether the issuer has any proprietary advantages. The Fund generally sells securities when the Adviser believes they are fully priced or when significantly more attractive investment candidates become available. The Fund may invest in companies of any market capitalization and may invest in securities of domestic or foreign issuers. The Fund is designed to maintain a "core" or "blend" approach, and the Adviser manages the Fund's portfolio of securities in such a way as to mitigate significant growth or value style biases.

Principal Risks. Before investing in the Fund, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested, and the amount of risk you are willing to take. Remember, in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, **you could lose money by investing in the Fund.** The principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

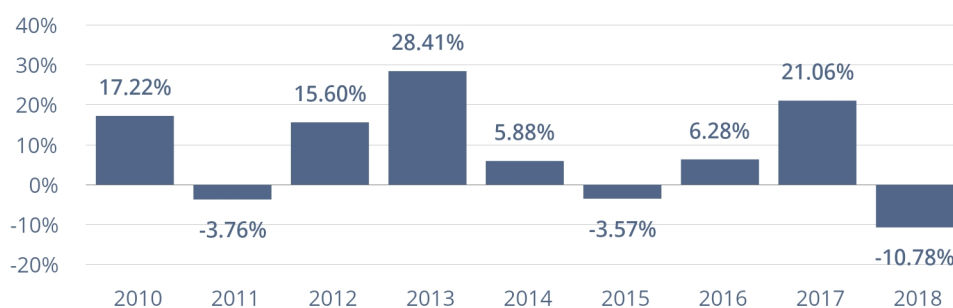
- *Management Risk.* The Adviser's investment strategies for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other investments.
- *General Market Risk.* The value of the Fund's shares will fluctuate based on the performance of the Fund's investments and other factors affecting the securities markets generally.
- *When-Issued Securities Risk.* The price or yield obtained in a when-issued transaction may be less favorable than the price or yield available in the market when the securities delivery takes place, or that failure of a party to a transaction to consummate the trade may result in a loss to the Fund or missing an opportunity to obtain a price considered advantageous.
- *Foreign Securities and Currency Risk.* Risks relating to political, social and economic developments abroad and differences between U.S. and foreign regulatory requirements and market practices, including fluctuations in foreign currencies. Countries in emerging markets are generally more volatile and can have relatively unstable governments, social and legal systems that do not protect shareholders, economies based on only a few industries, and securities markets that trade a small number of issues. Income earned on foreign securities may be subject to foreign withholding taxes.
- *Equity Market Risk.* Common stocks are susceptible to general stock market fluctuations and to volatile increases and decreases in value as market confidence in and perceptions of their issuers change. Preferred stock is subject to the risk that the dividend on the stock may be changed or omitted by the issuer, and that participation in the growth of an issuer may be limited.
- *Large-Cap Company Risk.* Larger, more established companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges such as changes in consumer tastes or innovative smaller competitors. Also, large-cap companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.
- *Mid-Cap, Small-Cap and Micro-Cap Company Risk.* Securities of mid-cap, small-cap and micro-cap companies may be more volatile and less liquid than the securities of large-cap companies.

- *Convertible Securities Risk.* The market value of a convertible security will perform the same as a regular fixed income security; that is, if market interest rates rise, the value of the convertible security falls. In the event of a liquidation of the issuing company, holders of convertible securities generally would be paid after the company's creditors but before the company's common shareholders. Consequently, an issuer's convertible securities generally may be viewed as having more risk than its debt securities but less risk than its common stock.
- *ETF Risk.* Risk associated with bearing indirect fees and expenses charged by ETFs in which the Fund may invest in addition to its direct fees and expenses, as well as indirectly bearing the principal risks of those ETFs. Also, there is a risk that the market price of the ETF's shares may trade at a discount to their net asset value or that an active trading market for an ETF's shares may not develop or be maintained.
- *Emerging Markets Risk.* The Fund may invest in securities of foreign companies located in emerging markets, which are markets of countries in the initial stages of industrialization and that generally have low per capita income. In addition to the risks of foreign securities in general, countries in emerging markets are generally more volatile and can have relatively unstable governments, social and legal systems that do not protect shareholders, economies based on only a few industries, and securities markets that trade a small number of issues.
- *High Portfolio Turnover Rate Risk.* A high portfolio turnover rate (100% or more) has the potential to result in increased brokerage transaction costs and the realization by the Fund and distribution to shareholders of a greater amount of capital gains, including short-term capital gains, than if the Fund had a low portfolio turnover rate. As a result, it is likely you may have a higher tax liability as distributions to shareholders of short-term capital gains are taxed as ordinary income under federal income tax laws.
- *Cybersecurity Risk.* With the increased use of technologies such as the Internet to conduct business, the Fund is susceptible to operational, information security, and related risks. Cyber incidents affecting the Fund or its service providers may cause disruptions and impact business operations, potentially resulting in financial losses, interference with the Fund's ability to calculate its net asset value ("NAV"), impediments to trading, the inability of shareholders to transact business, violations of applicable privacy and other laws, regulatory fines, penalties, reputational damage, reimbursement or other compensation costs, or additional compliance costs.

Performance. The performance information demonstrates the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual total returns for the one year, five year and since inception periods compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. Remember, the Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information is available by calling toll-free at (866) PMC-7338.

On May 25, 2018, the Adviser assumed all responsibilities for selecting investments in the Fund's portfolio in connection with a change to the Fund's investment strategies. The Fund's performance prior to this date reflects the Fund's returns achieved when the Adviser actively managed a portion of the Fund's portfolio and used a "manager of managers" investment strategy by engaging sub-advisers to manage other portions of the Fund's portfolio.

**Advisor Class Shares⁽¹⁾
Calendar Year Returns as of December 31**



⁽¹⁾ Because Institutional Class shares are new, the returns shown in the bar chart are for Advisor Class shares of the Fund, which are offered in a separate prospectus. Institutional Class shares would have substantially similar annual returns because the shares are invested in the same portfolio of securities and the annual returns would differ only to the extent that Institutional Class shares have lower expenses and, as a result, annual returns would be higher.

The Fund's calendar year-to-date return as of March 31, 2019 was 10.50%. During the period shown in the bar chart, the best performance for a quarter was 12.44% (for the quarter ended September 30, 2010) and the worst performance was -18.01% (for the quarter ended September 30, 2011).

Average Annual Total Returns

(for the periods ended December 31, 2018)

	<u>One Year</u>	<u>Five Years</u>	<u>Since Inception (August 26, 2009)</u>
PMC Diversified Equity Fund – Advisor Class Shares⁽¹⁾			
Return Before Taxes	-10.78%	3.22%	8.32%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-13.33%	1.94%	7.31%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	-4.81%	2.45%	6.69%
MSCI World Index Net Return (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses, or taxes)	-8.71%	4.56%	8.22%

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After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown, and after-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-deferred arrangements such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts ("IRAs").

In certain cases, the figure representing "Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares" may be higher than the other return figures for the same period. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and provides an assumed tax benefit to the investor.

Management

Investment Adviser. Envestnet Asset Management, Inc. is the Fund's investment adviser.

Portfolio Managers. Brandon R. Thomas, Managing Director, Co-Founder and Chief Investment Officer of the Adviser, has served as a portfolio manager the Fund since 2009. Janis Zvingelis, Ph.D., Senior Vice President and Director of Quantitative Research of the Adviser, has served as a portfolio manager the Fund since 2015.

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares. You may purchase or redeem shares by mail, PMC Funds, c/o U.S. Global Fund Services, P.O. Box 701, Milwaukee, WI 53201-0701 (for regular mail) or 615 East Michigan Street, 3rd Floor, Milwaukee, WI 53202 (for overnight or express mail), or by telephone at (866) PMC-7338, on any day the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") is open for trading. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial amount of investment in the Fund and exchanges into the Fund from another Fund in the PMC Funds family is \$1,000. Subsequent investments in the Fund and exchanges for all types of accounts may be made with a minimum investment of \$50.

Tax Information. The Fund's distributions will be taxed as ordinary income or long-term capital gain, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an IRA. You may be taxed later upon withdrawal of monies from such tax-deferred arrangements.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries. If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.